

FRANCE

Proceedings of the French Assembly on Yesterday.

Official Figures of the Paris Elections.

Carrivaldi Resigns His Command and Returns to Capri.

Surrender of Belfort With the Honors of War.

Services of Emperor William.

The present assembly is to be dissolved.

Boundary, Feb. 15.—The assembly is to be dissolved in the verification of the elections of its members. The electoral reports from Alsace and Lorraine were read, and showed a wide demonstration of sympathy for their members.

The president announced that to-morrow the Assembly would proceed to constitute a new government. The Deputies, on leaving the Assembly chamber, were greatly cheered by the populace. Victor Hugo received an ovation.

Results of the French Elections.

BERLIN, Feb. 15.—The Kursaal election of the French election to have resulted in a two-thirds vote in favor of monarchial institutions, while the other third of the electors chose to the Assembly.

The Imperialists are also heavily beaten, and the future of France seems to be in the hands of the Bourgeoisie and Radicals.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—It is reported in diplomatic circles that Germany has refused the request of the British Government to communicate the conditions upon which she is willing to make peace.

The State in Paris.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—At the election of Deputies to the Assembly Blanu received 216,000 votes, Hugo 214,000, Garibaldi 200,000, Gambetta 131,000, Rochechouart 183,000, Thiers 102,000, and Rambuteau 100,000.

War Armistice.

LOUVAIN, Feb. 15.—The Berlin special correspondent of the London Times telegraphed to that journal that, in consequence of the peace terms offered by the British Government, Von Bismarck had consented to extend the armistice for a week, but that it made no definite agreement dependent only on certain military conditions.

Surrender of Belfort.

(Paris' Special.)

Dizon, Feb. 15.—Belfort has surrendered.

The garrison will be allowed to march out with all the honors of war. The article is referred to the departments of D'Orsay, Jules and Douai.

Parisians and the Triumphal Arch.

LOUNES, Feb. 15.—The press of Paris is adverse to the proposed entry of the German army into Paris in excited terms. The reformists oppose the entry of the German troops as such, and a popular encampment has been formed at the Champs Elysees, the boulevards, and daily shouting or cheering from their windows during the passage of the German troops.

Dissensions prevail in Paris at the meetings, with which provisions are distributed, but the distress and mortality are decreasing.

Sealed letters can now be transmitted by mail to Paris.

The Prussian Government.

It is stated that the Paris government will publish the minutes of its sittings, from the 1st of September to the conclusion of the armistice.

Prussia's Ultimatum.

Several deputations of citizens from Diisseldorf and the surrounding country waited on the German commander at Rouen and vainly appealed for a statement of the reactions imposed by the armistice.

LOUNES, Feb. 15.—A dispatch from Havre says the Prussians continue to violate the armistice, and are still imposing contributions on the towns. The minister of war, that where districts are under the command of mayors are arrested and imprisoned as hostiles.

The Salut, published at Lyons, says General Bressane, commander of the Twenty-fourth Corps, has been arrested on the Swiss frontier, and had notice of his dismissal from the command was sent to Lyons, and thence to Belfort.

Details continue to reach London of the increasing exactions of the Germans in the Department of the Seine.

The Emperor's Agent.

BRUSSELS, February 14.—It is stated that General Frichard, in a recent communication to the French Government, urged that the army be made available to meet with foreign internal disturbances.

General Gheonevra.

BORDEAUX, Feb. 14.—A letter received yesterday by the Government from Gheonevra stated, that, seeing his mission is finished, he resigns, and asks to be relieved of the command of the 10th division.

The Government accepted a reply accepting the resignation, and, expressing, on behalf of the country, thanks for the heroic services rendered by the General, and regretted that he feels compelled to leave.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—The 10th division last night marched to Marseilles, whence he will embark at once for home in the island of Capri.

Trouble Brewing in Paris.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—A series of disturbances have occurred in Paris, but the rumor was not confirmed, and it is believed to be premature. It is known the people of Paris are very excited, and grave apprehensions are felt in the French capital of a serious disaster.

The Emperor's Cavalry.

VERSAILLES, Feb. 14.—The Emperor is very ill, but persists in his interview with the members of the Legislatives this afternoon.

As the assumption of hostilities is strongly apprehended at headquarters, orders have been given for the destruction of the monasteries at Port Mort Valerien.

Lilles.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—Railway communication with Paris is partially stopped. Trains henceforth for Paris are stopped by the Prussians, but the trains from Paris, bound north, are not stopped.

The Repudiation Tickets for the Assembly.

In the Department of Somme was badly defaced.

Miscellaneous.

Powers of the High Commissioner.

LOUNES, Feb. 14.—In the House of Commons, Mr. Gladstone, the High Commissioner, who is about to meet in Washington, is without power to settle the question of the fisheries, but is only authorized to submit a report to the Foreign Office.

The members must be unanimous for a submission to their respective governments.

A Bill in Order.

LOUNES, Feb. 14.—This evening says Francis, the bill in London, as will make this city his permanent residence.

Moscou.

BORDEAUX, Feb. 14.—An exciting meeting took place in Cork yesterday, on the occasion of the welcome given to a released Fenian Captain. The streets were cleared by mounted police with drawn sabres.

Death of a Member.

PARIS, Feb. 11.—Count Mornet died today.

Prince Napoleon.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—This evening says Francis, the Prince Napoleon, will remain in London, as will make this city his permanent residence.

Moscou.

BORDEAUX, Feb. 14.—An exciting meeting took place in Cork yesterday, on the occasion of the welcome given to a released Fenian Captain. The streets were cleared by mounted police with drawn sabres.

Financial and Commercial.

LILLE, Feb. 15.—Mr. C. H. Green, full and sole proprietor of the American Telegraph Company, has been landed from the Queen Charlotte's Island. The colonel offered \$2,500 premium for the first cargo exposed. It resembles the London market, and is to be sold to the public at a small discount, and the same source here-

inforward.

Shipping at Mysore.

ESTAVILLE, IND., Feb. 15.—John Robert, son of James Robert, and his wife, Elizabeth, married at Estaville, Mass., on Saturday, Feb. 15, 1870, in the instrumentality of the Rev. Charles C. Gooding, late representative candidate for Congress in the 11th district.

Mr. COOK, of the Conference Committee, reported a bill providing for the reorganization of state governments of any representative state of the United States, to be voted on to-morrow. The bill, which was introduced by the Senator from Wisconsin, Mr. Carpenter, had been passed by the Senate, and the House had voted to sustain it.

Mr. BROWN, of New Hampshire, had introduced a bill purporting to prohibit the introduction of any bill into the Senate, except one which had been introduced by the House.

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